

## CONSOLIDATION FOR THE 10<sup>th</sup> GRADE

### Test 2

**Give the correct forms of the words in brackets.**

1. We met to discuss the \_\_\_\_\_ of a new company. (form)
2. I will ask my parents for \_\_\_\_\_ to go there with you. (permit)
3. Her shoulder was badly \_\_\_\_\_ after three days lying on the beach. (sun)
4. He caused his parents great \_\_\_\_\_ by cycling long distances alone.  
(anxious)
5. In the \_\_\_\_\_ examination, you have to talk to the teachers and answer a number of questions. (orally)
6. Internet can make things memorable because it presents information in a \_\_\_\_\_ way. (effect)
7. Obviously teachers have to be good \_\_\_\_\_. (communicate)
8. She will help you – she just needs a bit of \_\_\_\_\_. (persuade)
9. My class is going to go on a two-day \_\_\_\_\_ to visit Ha Long Bay.  
(excuse)
10. \_\_\_\_\_, it was very windy and the hotel was very expensive. (fortunate)

**Give the correct tenses, present progressive or be going to**

1. He (have) \_\_\_\_\_ an operation next week.
2. It's very cold. I (light) \_\_\_\_\_ a fire.
3. We (have) \_\_\_\_\_ some friends to lunch tomorrow.
4. I (read) \_\_\_\_\_ you some of my own poems.
5. The inspector (ask) \_\_\_\_\_ you a few questions.
6. Mr Pitt has just phoned to say that he (not come) \_\_\_\_\_ back till Wednesday night.
7. Take an umbrella. It (rain) \_\_\_\_\_.
8. I (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema tonight. I already have a ticket.
9. Betty is going to driving lessons. And then (buy) \_\_\_\_\_ a car.
10. I can't eat anything today. I (have) \_\_\_\_\_ an appointment at the hospital tomorrow.

**Rewrite each sentence, beginning as shown, so that the meaning stays the same.**

1. Although she is rich, she can't afford to buy the car.

→ In spite of .....

2. Although his life is hard, he managed to get over the problems.

→ In spite of .....

3. Although I made an effort to explain, she didn't understand what I said.

→ In spite of .....

4. The lady laughed a lot. She didn't find the joke amusing at all.

→ In spite of .....

5. Although he hadn't finished the paper, he went to sleep.

→ Despite .....

6. He always studies hard though he encounters difficulties.

→ Despite .....

7. She walked slowly because her leg was injured.

→ Because of .....

8. The train was late because the fog was thick.

→ Because of .....

9. I was happy because I passed the exam.

→ Because of .....

10. I didn't accept the job because the salary was low.

→ Because of .....

11. The plane couldn't take off because the weather was bad.

→ Because of .....

12. All the teachers love him because his conduct is good.

→ Because of .....

**Choose the correct option a, b, c or d to complete this postcard.**

Hi everyone.

I've been in Paris for over a week now and I'm having a great (1) \_\_\_\_\_. In the first few days I did quite a lot of (2) \_\_\_\_\_ - the Eiffel Tower, Notre Dame, and all the usual tourist attractions. Most places are absolutely (3) \_\_\_\_\_ with tourists, so yesterday I decided to have a (4) \_\_\_\_\_ round the shops.

Today I've been to a couple of interesting art (5) \_\_\_\_\_. I got (6) \_\_\_\_\_ on my

way back to the hotel, but it didn't matter because I discovered a really fascinating (7) \_\_\_\_\_ with lots of little stalls, selling just about everything from apples to antiques.

I ate in the hotel the first night but usually I (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for dinner - the restaurants are great and I can get a set meal for less than 25 euros. I'm afraid I've (9) \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money, but it's a great place. You'll be able to see for yourself (10) \_\_\_\_\_ I get back - I've taken lots of photos. .

I hope you're all well. I'll write again next week.

Love,

- |                |                |              |                |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. a. visit    | b. holiday     | c. trip      | d. excursion   |
| 2. a. viewing  | b. sightseeing | c. looking   | d. landscape   |
| 3. a. took     | b. stayed      | c. packed    | d. full        |
| 4. a. look     | b. visit       | c. day-off   | d. walking     |
| 5. a. exhibits | b. castles     | c. concerts  | d. galleries   |
| 6. a. left     | b. loss        | c. lost      | d. disappeared |
| 7. a. temple   | b. place       | c. cathedral | d. market      |
| 8. a. go out   | b. leave       | c. call      | d. stay in     |
| 9. a. paid     | b. spent       | c. lost      | d. gotten      |
| 10. a. until   | b. while       | c. after     | d. when        |

**Read the passage below carefully, and then select the correct option A, B, C or D:**

The World Wide Web was developed by British physicist and computer scientist Timothy Berners-Lee as a project within the European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN) in Geneva, Switzerland. Berners-Lee combined several existing ideas into a single system to make it easier for physicists to use data on the Internet. Most important, he added multimedia—the ability to include graphics—to the hyperlink concept found in a previous Internet service known as gopher. Berners-Lee had begun working with hypertext in the early 1980s. An early prototype implementation of the Web became operational at CERN in 1989, and the idea quickly spread to universities in the rest of the world.

Groups at the National Center for Supercomputing Applications at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign researched and extended Web technology. They developed the first browser that was used at many sites, named Mosaic, in 1993. To allow the Web to be accessed from a wide variety of computer systems, researchers built *multiple* versions of

Mosaic. Each version was designed to be used with a specific operating system, the software that controls the computer. Within a year, computer programmer Marc Andreessen had formed a commercial company, Netscape Communications Corporation, to build and sell Web technologies.

**Vocabulary:**

gopher (n.): một chương trình dựa trên cơ sở trình đơn, dùng để tìm các tệp, các chương trình, các định nghĩa, và các tiềm năng khác theo các chủ đề do bạn xác định

prototype (n.): người (vật) đầu tiên, nguyên mẫu

implementation (n.): sự thi hành, sự thực hiện đầy đủ; sự bổ sung

operational (adj.): thuộc hoạt động, thao tác; có thể có hiệu lực

1. *The World Wide Web was developed by \_\_\_\_\_.*

- A. an American                      B. a British                      C. a Canadian                      D. a French

2. *The scientist who developed the World Wide Web was majoring in \_\_\_\_\_.*

- A. math and physics                      B. math and computer  
C. computer and physics                      D. math, physics and computer

3. *Which sentence below is not correct?*

- A. Timothy Berners-Lee spoke English very well.  
B. Timothy Berners-Lee was born in Geneva, Switzerland.  
C. Timothy Berners-Lee was the first person to develop WWW.  
D. Some existing ideas were combined into a single system by him.

4. *Which word means “a connection that allows you to move easily between two computer documents or two pages on the Internet”?*

- A. graphic                      B. datum                      C. project                      D. hyperlink

5. *Which sentence is not correct?*

- A. “hypertext” means “a way of joining a word or image to another page, document, etc. on the Internet or in another computer program so that you can move from one to the other easily”  
B. Berners-Lee had begun working with hypertext in the early 1980s.  
C. An early prototype implementation of the Web became operational at CERN in 1989.  
D. The idea slowly spread to universities in the rest of the world.

6. *Who researched and extended Web technology?*

- A. Groups at the National Center for Supercomputing Applications at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign
- B. The European Organization for Nuclear Research
- C. Timothy Berners-Lee
- D. Marc Andreessen

7. Which sentence is not correct?

- A. Mosaic was one of the scientists who developed WWW.
- B. The first browser that was used at many sites was developed in 1993.
- C. Researchers built numerous versions of Mosaic to allow the Web to be accessed from a wide variety of computer systems
- D. Each version was designed to be used with a particular working system.

8 “multiple” in the reading means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. plural
- B. single
- C. only
- D. numerous

9. Which word in the reading means “the instructions which control what a computer does; computer programs”?

- A. version
- B. software
- C. technology
- D. concept

10. What did “Netscape Communications Corporation” do?

- A. to develop WWW
- B. to use data on the Internet
- C. to control the computer
- D. to build and sell Web technologies

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Class: \_\_\_\_\_